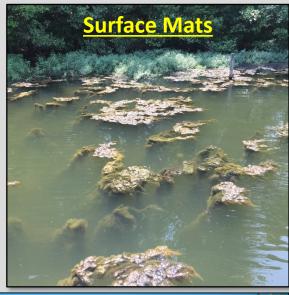
What is Lyngbya??

Cyanobacteria



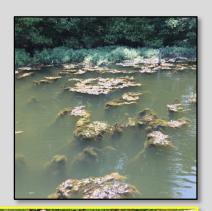






What is Cyanobacteria??

- Photosynthetic Bacteria
 - Blue-green algae
 - chlorophyll a
- Also receive energy from nitrogen fixation
- Gliding motility











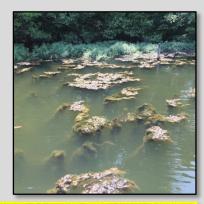
Chroococcales (unicellular)

Anabaena (filamentous)

Microcystis (colonial)

What is Cyanobacteria??

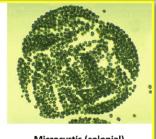
- Normally not a bad guy.....
- Very important in creating global climate
 - Oldest known fossil
 - Produced the Earth's first oxygen atmosphere
 - Origin of photosynthetic plants
 - Increase nutrients in soils and water
 - Used in medicines, renewable energy, etc.











Anabaena (filamentous)

Microcystis (colonial)

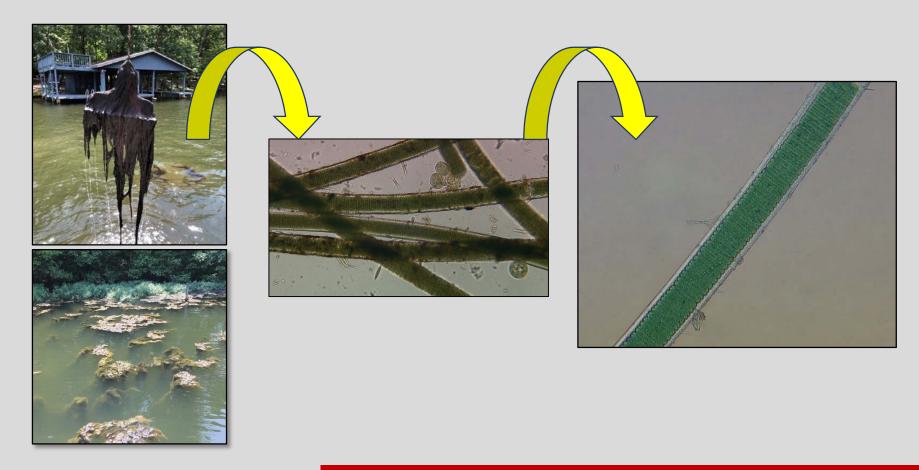
What is Cyanobacteria??

- Normally not a bad guy.....
- But they can be a very bad guy!
 - Cyanotoxin Production
 - Stay tuned.....



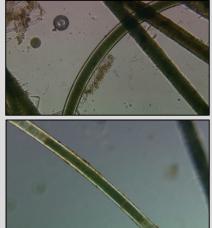
What is Lyngbya??

Filamentous, Cyanobacteria (Blue-green Alga)



What is Lyngbya??

- Filamentous, Cyanobacteria (Blue-green Alga)
- Individual cells are stacked within protective sheath
 - Protects cells from UV light and environmental stressors
 - Assists in gliding motility
 - VERY good at it's job!
 - Difficult to manage!!





What is Lyngbya??

- Filamentous, Cyanobacteria (Blue-green Alga)
- Individual cells are stacked within protective sheath
 - Difficult to manage
- Hormogonia are offspring that depart from parental filament

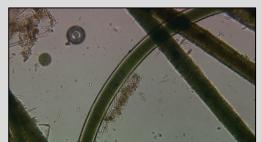


What is Lyngbya??

- Filamentous, Cyanobacteria (Blue-green Alga)
- Individual cells are stacked within protective sheath
 - Difficult to manage
- Hormogonia are offspring that depart from parental filament
- Lyngbya can be transferred by movement of viable cells (boats, animals, water movement)







Why is Lyngbya a Problem??

- Found world-wide, but problematic throughout the Southeast
 - Freshwater and Marine environments
 - Several different species
 - Different levels of toxicity potential
 - Gaston's lyngbya is:
 - Lyngbya wollei, now Microseira wollei







Why is Lyngbya a Problem??

- Found world-wide, but problematic throughout the Southeast
- Problematic in mid 2010's
- Mats can impeded navigation, recreation, and clog intakes
- Impacts habitats needed for native fauna
- Produces a strong, foul musk-like odor and taste to water
- Alter chemical water quality parameters (oxygen, pH)
- Toxin producing...stay tuned!







